

A

HISTORY

OF

ST. LAWRENCE AND FRANKLIN COUNTIES, NEW YORK,

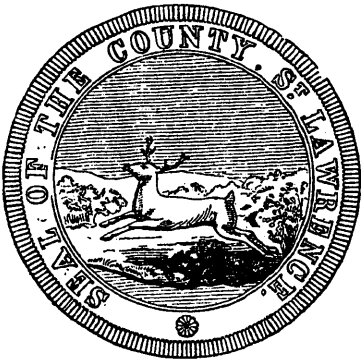
FROM THE

EARLIEST PERIOD TO THE PRESENT TIME.

BY

FRANKLIN B. HOUGH, A. M., M. D.,

CORRESPONDING MEMBER OF THE NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.



ALBANY:

LITTLE & CO., 53 STATE STREET.

1853.

presume they will naturally occur to the minds of every individual member of your honorable body. Some of your petitioners, presented a petition to your honorable body, at their last session, praying for the formation of the town, and annexing it as it now is, but they did not then (neither could they,) anticipate the inconvenience and expense they find upon experiment attaches to their being so connected.

Your petitioners therefore beg leave humbly to state, that much less hardship and expense would arise to them. by having a county set off, upon the river St. Lawrence, and your petitioners humbly pray, that a county may be set off upon the aforesaid river, in such manner as your honorable body shall deem most proper; and your petitioners would beg leave further to shew, that one of the old stone buildings at the *Old Oswegatchie Fort*, (which the proprietors are willing to appropriate until the county is able to build a court house,) may at a small expense be repaired, and which when so repaired will make good accommodations, not only for the purpose of holding courts, but also for a gaol, and your petitioners pray, that place may be assigned for the above purpose.

Your petitioners would beg leave further to state, that Plattsburgh is totally out of their route to the city of Albany, which is the place to which they must resort, for their commercial business—Plattsburgh being as far distant from Albany, as the ten towns, consequently your petitioners are turned out of their way the whole distance, between the ten towns and Plattsburgh, which is not less than one hundred and thirty miles from the centre of the townships.

The peculiar inconvenience and hardships your petitioners labor under, is such, that your petitioners doubt not that relief will be cheerfully granted by your honorable body, and your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray."

Nathan Ford,
John Tibbets,
Elisha Tibbetts,
Joseph Edsall,
Alex'r J. Turner,
John Tibbits, Jr.,
Alex'r Bough,
Jacob Redington,
Benjamin Stewart,
Joel Burns,
James G. Stewart,
Ashael Kent,*
Challis Fay,
Joseph Gilderslieve,
Elias Demmick,
Ephraim Smith Raymond,
Moses Patterson,
Henry Allen,
Edward Lawrence,
Jonathan Allen,*
James Pennock,
Asa Freeman,
Truman Wheeler,

Jacob Flemmen,
John Lyon,
Daniel Barker, Jun.
Jacob Morris,
Samuel Fairchild,
Alexander Leyers,
Daniel Sharp,*
Festus Tracy,
Septy Tracy,
John Armstrong,
Martin Easterly,
Alexander Brush,
James Harrison,
Stillman Foot,
Alex' Armstrong,
Jacob Cerner, Jun.,*
Christian Cerner,*
Jonathan Tuttle,
Benj'n Bacon, Sen.,
Benj'n Bacon, Jun.
Oliver Linsley,
Henry Erwin,
Nathan Shaw,
Caleb Pumroy,

James Sweeny,
George Foot,
Ashbel, Sikes,
John Farwell, Jr.
Joseph Erwin,
Moses McConnell,
Benjamin Campbell,
Godfrey Myers,
Seth Gates,
James Kilborn,
James Ferguson,
Solomon Linsley, Sen.
Isaac Bartholomew,
Solomon Linsley, Jun.,
Nathan Smith,
Jacob Cerner, Sen.,*
William Sweet,
William Morrison,
Dan'l Barker,
Sam'l Avens,
Elisha Johnes,
John Smith,
Benjamin Walker,
David Layton,

50 years. At a meeting of the stockholders in New York, May 17, 1852 the capital of the company was increased to \$360,000. Extensive mining operations were commenced late in 1851, and are believed to be still continued. A furnace for reducing lead was erected, and a considerable amount of lead has been sent to market.

MADRID.

This was one of the four towns formed by the act incorporating the county, March 3, 1802, and at first embraced also the township of Potsdam. Since 1810, it has been of its present limits. In 1837 an effort was made to procure a new town from parts of Madrid, Lisbon, Canton and Potsdam, with Columbia village for its centre, but it was opposed by the other towns, and failed.

The first town officers in Madrid, were Joseph Edsall, *supervisor*; Jacob Redington, *clerk*; Cyrus Abernethy, Reuben Field, Alex. Brush, Henry Erwin, *assessors*; Henry Erwin, *constable and collector*; Jonathan Tuttle, Solomon Linsley, *overseers of the poor*; John Sharp, Isaac Bartholomew, Ephriam S. Raymond, *commissioners of highways*; Asa Freeman, Jonathan Allen, Cyrus Abernethy, *fence viewers*; Edward Lawrence, *pound keeper*; Jonathan Allen, Alexander Brush, Thomas Rutherford, Oliver Linsley Solomon Linsley, *overseers of highways*.

Supervisors.—1802-5, Joseph Edsall; 1806-7, Asa Freeman; 1808, Alex. Richards; 1809, Asa Freeman; 1810-12, Joseph Freeman; 1813, Wm. Meach; 1814-15, J. Freeman; 1816-22, Jason Fenton; 1823-28, J. Freeman; 1829-32, J. S. Chipman; 1833-6, Geo. Redington; 1838, R. Blood; 1839, Walter Wilson; 1840, G. Redington; 1841-2, Alfred Goss; 1843-4, A. T. Montgomery; 1845-6, T. Sears; 1847-8, A. T. Montgomery; 1849-50, Jesse Cogswell; 1851, Richard Edsall; 1852, Francis Fenton.

\$5 bounty offered for wolves, in 1803, (excepting the township of Potsdam) and 1804. In 1806, \$10 bounty for wolves.

This town began to settle along the St. Lawrence, about 1793, and the following names from the land books, give the dates of purchases, although not of location:

In May, 1798, John Sharp, Barton Edsall; in June, 1800, John Tuttle, Benjamin Bartlett, Godfrey Myers, Benjamin Campbell, Elias Dimick, Reuben Fields, Asa Freeman, Samuel Allen, Edward Lawrence, Asa and Jason Fenton, Alexander Brush, James Kilborn, Jacob Carnes, Allen Patterson, Jacob Redington, Robert Sample, Caleb and Cornelius Peck, Henry Allen, Wm. Osburne, Ira Paine, Oliver Linsley, Joseph Orcutt and Henry and Joseph Erwin.

In 1801, Isaac Bartholomew, Simon Linsley; in 1802, Allen Barber, Nathan Smith, Aaron Scott, Martin Rosenberg, John Allen, Geo. Rutherford, Thomas Andrews, Walter and Richard Rutherford, (brothers,) and many others, mostly from New England, who came through from Chateaugay, by way of Moria and Stockholm. In 1803, Samuel Chipman, from Vergennes, Vt., and others.

The first agent was Joseph Edsall, who was a native of Vernon, Sussex county, N. J., and died in Madrid, in 1844, aged 81. He received

others, until paid for. A portion of the lands were reappraised and have since been sold. The mile square was subsequently surveyed by the surveyor general into *house lots* and *out lots*, and sold by the state, excepting the two military reserves, which are rented for an indefinite period, and liable to revert whenever wanted for this purpose. Two or three proposals to fortify at this point have been made, and engineers have been on to examine the sites, but nothing has been done in this line and nothing is at present contemplated.

Upon surveying the tract granted in the treaty of 1818, there was found an excess of 307 acres, and a provision was inserted in the act of April 13, 1819, by which the governor was instructed to procure a release of the same and to stipulate an addition to their annuity at the same rates as for the purchase last made, or to pay them at once the present worth of the same.

On the declaration of war a block house was built in the village of French Mills, but never entirely finished, and during the first summer a drafted company of militia under Capt. Rufus Tilden, of Moria, posted as a protection to the frontier, and a guard to the provisions stored here for distribution among the St. Regis Indians. Moses Eggleston of Chateaugay, was lieutenant, and Aden Wood, ensign, and it consisted of about 40 men. During the summer two Troy volunteer companies under Capt. Higby and Lyon, and a drafted company of militia from Columbia county, under Capt. Miller, the whole under Major Young of Troy, were stationed here.

Shortly after the affair at St. Regis, the Troy and Columbia companies at French Mills, were withdrawn (Nov. 1812), and the Franklin county company again left alone. A British detachment of regulars, militia and Indians, made a descent from St. Regis through the woods, upon the post at French Mills. Capt. Tilden surrendered without resistance; the arms were broken and left, the ammunition thrown into the river, and men marched prisoners to St. Regis, and thence to Montreal. In Dec., they were exchanged for the same company which they had captured in Oct. Immediately after this two Columbia county companies under Major Tanner, Capt's Winslow and Gardner, were detached from Colonel Vosburg's regiment stationed at Chateaugay, which staid till March following. They were then withdrawn, and their place supplied by a volunteer company from Franklin county, raised and commanded by Captain David Irving, of Constable, who continued to hold the post until the arrival of Gen. Wilkinson, in November, 1813. Capt. Irving's company subsequently participated in the movements of Gen. Hampton, below Chateaugay. A further account of these operations will be given.

On the 13th of November, 1813, General Wilkinson, with his army, ascended the river in a flotilla of boats, and took up his quarters in the village, where he remained till February. The details of this event will be given in connection with our account of the war. While the American army were in winter quarters at French Mills, a citizen of New York was apprehended, suspected of having put up at the camp the following placard, addressed

"To the American Army at Salmon River:"

"NOTICE.—All American soldiers who are willing to quit the *unnatural* war in which they are at present engaged, will receive at the British outposts, the arrears due them by the American government, to the extent of five months pay. No man shall be required to serve against his own country." After numerous inquiries the author has been unable to ascertain from those who were in the service at the time, any particulars in relation to the above occurrence. The army had scarcely left the village

beginning, the citizens designed to establish an academy among them, and in 1806, they erected a building on a site given by Mr. Harrison, and still occupied, for the purpose. This building still stands, and has been used for a school house, meeting house, court house, jail and academy. An arsenal was built a little east of the village, in 1812. During the war, a volunteer company, consisting mostly of revolutionary soldiers, and styled Silver Greys, was formed under David Erwin. Their age exempted them from duty, but their inclinations led them to it. On the capture of Tilden's company, at French Mills, they started for that place, but did not arrive till after the surrender. A detachment of the army of Gen. Wilkinson occupied the village during the early part of the winter of 1813-14, but left in February. Very soon after, the enemy, hearing from spies, that a large amount of provisions was stored in the village, sent a detachment of about 1,200 regulars and 400 Canadian militia, under Col. Scott, who arrived towards evening on Saturday, February 19, 1814, posted sentinels on all the roads leading from the village, to intercept teams, and proceeded to search for stores. These were in a barn half a mile south of the village, and a considerable amount had been distributed among the inhabitants for concealment. On their first arrival, a considerable amount of firing occurred, principally to arrest teams which were attempting to escape. On Sunday morning, several of the Indians and militia commenced demolishing the arsenal, which had been left without arms, by the Americans, on leaving the place. The windows and gratings were torn out, and it was fired, but Colonel Scott, upon the earnest appeals of some of the more influential of the citizens, who represented the barbarity of this wanton destruction, issued orders for its preservation, and posted a guard around it for protection. He then convened some of the inhabitants, and gave them the building for educational purposes. For this act of lenity, he is said to have been censured by his government. A part of Sunday was spent in ransacking the town, and forwarding the stores they had seized, using the teams they had pressed for this purpose, and at noon they started on their return, by way of Chateaugay, losing great numbers by desertion. Private property, except arms, was generally respected. Col. Scott is said to have nearly lost his life from a drunken Indian, who reeled up to him, cursed him for not allowing them to plunder, and aimed his loaded gun for firing; but he was instantly seized, rudely bound on his back to a train, and taken off. An amusing case of smuggling occurred on this occasion. Jehiel Barnum, a revolutionary gun smith, living in Bangor, had been pressed with others, and sent off with a load of stores, and in charge of two soldiers, for French Mills. His team was young and restive, and gave him much trouble in keeping them from interfering with the sleighs before him, to avoid which, he got permission to turn off on a by-road, which he said would take them out right, and after going several miles, he drove up to *his own door*. His passengers here first discovered their dilemma, and he without difficulty persuaded them to remain, while the cargo was found very convenient in supporting the family.

In 1813, there were in town three saw mills, a grain mill, fulling and carding mills, and two bark mills.

The poor house of Franklin county was erected soon after the general law directing their establishment, on a farm of 110 acres, at a cost of \$1,200. It has since been burnt and rebuilt. 1825, the large stone factory represented in our view of the rail road bridge, was built by John Stearns, and for a time gave employment to nearly a hundred

A Congregational church and society exist in town, the latter having been incorporated April 26, 1823, with Horace Dickinson, Enos Day and John Cooper, trustees.

The Catholics are about forming a society at Brush's Mills.

WESTVILLE,

Was formed from Constable, with its present limits, April 25, 1829. Its name was suggested from its being the west part of Constable, and a post office named West Constable, had been established the year before. This has not since been changed. The first town meeting day having passed without election, Alric Man, Sylvester Langdon and Eseck Sprague, justices, filled the several offices by appointment, viz: Guy Meigs, *supervisor*; Ebenezer Leonard, *clerk*; Ebenezer Man, Goodrich Hazen, Stephen B. Clough, *assessors*; Samuel Fletcher, *collector*; Ira Briggs, Philemon Berry, *overseers of the poor*; Buel H. Man, Henry G. Button, P. Berry, *com'rs of highways*; S. Fletcher, Leonard Willson, *constables*; E. Man, John M. Rogers, S. B. Clough, *com'rs of schools*; Stephen Felton, E. Leonard, Samuel Coggin, *Ins'r of com. schools*; P. Berry, *pound keeper*.

Supervisors.—1829, Guy Meigs; 1830, Philemon Berry; 1831-2, Goodrich Hazen; 1833-5, Alric Man; 1836-7, Henry G. Button; 1838-9, P. Berry; 1840-1, Buel H. Man; 1842-3, Alric Man; 1844-5, Samuel Coggin; 1846-7, James Walker; 1848-9, Samuel Man; 1850-1, Richard E. Morey; 1851, Ebenezer Man, to fill vacancy, occasioned by death of R. E. Morey; 1852, P. Berry.

The first settler in Westville, is said to have been Amos Welch, from Grand Isle, Vt., about 1800. — Haskins, Elisha Sabins, Samuel Fletcher, John Reed, Alexander McMillen, Silas Cushman, John Livingston, Joseph and Thomas Wright and Alric and Dr. Albon Man, mostly from Vermont, settled in 1803, or before, principally on a road, that in 1800 had been made passable in winter from the settlements in Chateaugay to St. Regis. The two brothers Man were from Addison, Vt., and moved into town in March, 1803. The Wright families were from Salem, N. Y.

Amos Welch built the first saw mill in town, and before the lands had been opened for sale. Dr. Man built the second saw mill, in 1803. Wm. Bailey, for many years an inhabitant of Plattsburgh, and one of the first land agents in the county, and an early settler of Chateaugay, held with Albon Man, for many years, the agency of the town. The first sale of land was to Joseph Wright, Nov. 19, 1802. Alexander McMillen, Henry Briggs, Oliver Bell, Thomas Chamberlain, Barnabas Berry, Ezekiel Paine, Simeon Smith, settled at an early day; and for several years the settlements increased quite rapidly. The first school was taught in 1806, at the house of Dr. Man, by Samuel Russell. Townships 2 and 3 were surveyed into thousand acre lots in 1802, by Wright and Raymond, and subsequently subdivided into quarters.

Near the point where the principal road from Fort Covington to Malone, crosses Salmon river, in this town, is a forge for the manufacture of bar iron from bog ore, which occurs in the swamps of this town and Constable. This forge was erected by David Erwin, about 1810, and has been more or less used nearly every year since its first erection. It produced for many years the nails used in the country, which were made by the tedious and expensive methods in use before the invention of the machinery now

Chapter, No. 24, was formed at Massena, Feb. 9, 1809, with Elisha Denison, H. P.; Daniel Robison, K.; John Polley, S. It was removed about 1816 to Potsdam. In 1828 it was suspended, and having funds at the time these were expended in the purchase of a library, which now numbers about 400 volumes. In 1851 it was revived. Device of its seal, a pot of incense.

ODD FELLOWS.—*Auriga Lodge*, No. 319, formed Aug. 6, 1847, at Madrid, with Joseph Baker, John A. Fuller, Cabot Pierce, Wm. J. Manley, Geo. Erwin, John Thomas, and Frederick Powell, charter members. Connected with this lodge are the Daughters of Rebecca, who are admitted to a part of each meeting. *Mastaqua Lodge*, No. 274, formed Feb. 5, 1847, at Potsdam, with Noble S. Elderkin, Chas. Boyington, Royal H. Munson, Josiah C. Gates, Shuball R. Gurley, and Norris Pierce, charter members. *Neshoba Lodge*, No. 78, formed March 15, 1848, at Malone, with S. P. Bates, H. S. Brewster, B. W. Clark, S. C. F. Thorndike, C. C. Whittlesey, and H. F. Heath, charter members. The device of their seal is an Indian in a canoe. *Norfolk Lodge*, No. 243, formed Aug. 22, 1849, with E. W. Sackrider, G. W. Floyd, H. G. Bradley, H. L. Sackrider, Q. D. Wicks, charter members. Seal, an eye with rays, a dove with an olive branch, and a scroll with the motto "In God we trust," encircled by the name, number, and date of the lodge. *Ogdensburgh Lodge*, No. 273, formed Feb. 24, 1847, with J. H. Haggett, J. M. Doty, D. Bingham, H. M. Smith, Geo. Boyd, F. B. Hitchcock, and A. M. Hepburne, charter members. *River De Grasse Lodge*, No. 425, formed at Canton, Jan. 29, 1852. Seal, an eye, three links, and the letters I. O. of O. F., within the name, number, and date. It is believed there is also a lodge at Waddington.

RECHABITES.—But one tent (Herculean Tent, No. 388), in the two counties. It was formed at Chateaugay in Sept., 1852, with the following as its first officers: A. M. Millar, Sh'd; E. A. Keeler, P. C. R.; A. S. Bryant, C. R.; D. C. Meigs, D. C. R.; G. Howe, L.; P. B. Fiske, R. S.; G. W. Goodspeed, F. S.; M. M. Roberts, T.; C. D. Silver, I. G.; I. Spoon, O. G.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—*Oswegatchie Division*, No. 2, March 27, 1847. Charter members, Geo. Boyd, H. G. Foote, H. Rockwell, Geo. Guest, 2d, T. H. Hawley, G. W. Durgan, John Burke, Philip Hazen, Simeon Dillingham, A. M. Hepburn, Philo Abbott, R. G. James, A. M. Wooley, L. B. Stoor, R. S. Armstrong, and Joseph Bates. It meets on Fridays. *Stockholm*, No. 99, 1847; meets Wednesdays at East Stockholm. *Russell*, No. 100, 1850; meets Saturdays. *Chippewa St.*, No. 101, 1851, N. Hammond; meets Wednesdays. *Union*, No. 146, Somerville, Sept. 8, 1852. Charter members, Wm. R. Myers, Adam Myers, Hiram Hall, Wm. Harris, Chauncey Emmons, James McCarthy, E. Y. Kelsey, Harrison Emmons, F. White, C. G. Sharpstone, A. S. Sizeland. *St. Lawrence*, No. 258, Canton, June 26, 1847; meets Mondays. *Waddington*, No. 299, March 29, 1849. Charter members, James Redington, Richard Maguire, David Backus, James L. Buckley, Thos. Myers, Henry Stowers, Thos. Shea, Wm. Scott, S. E. Sanborn, G. R. Lowe, R. R. Hatch, A. L. Robinson, L. S. Wright, T. Short, 2d, John Proctor, L. J. Proctor, B. W. Daniels, J. B. Burdick, J. H. Bartholomew, and John Rand. It meets on Saturdays. *Centre*, No. 348, 1851, Parishville; meets Wednesdays. *Racket River*, No. 367, Potsdam, March 1848. Charter members, Ira Chandler, J. Blaisdell, B. Bachelor, H. Shead, T. Douglass, C. O. Hubbell, H. R.

Names, ages and residences of Pensioners, from the census of 1840.

St. Lawrence County—Parishville.—Joseph Armsby, 76; Hepsebah Mitchell, 78; Simeon Howard, 79; Elijah Allen, 82.

Hopkinton.—Solomon Chittenden, 78.

Stockholm.—Ephraim Knapp, 83; Mercy Dunham, 78; Luke Fletcher, 81; Martin Brockway, 79; Rhoda Skiuner, 83; Wm. Burrows, 81; Thomas Scott, 80; Elizabeth Whiston, 83.

Lawrence.—Elizabeth Sanders, 78; Sarah Barhes, 74.

Norfolk.—Daniel Bradish, 79; Tryphena Collamer, 79; Theodorus Woodard, 79; Elizabeth Lawrence, 81; Elijah Brown, 84; Jemima Sawyer, 75; Griffin Place, 78; Guy Carpenter, 56; Russel Attwater, 79.

Massena.—Daniel Kenney, 80; Elijah Flagg, 80; Daniel Kinney, 80; John Polley, 79; Eben Polley, 53; John Polley, 55.

Louisville.—Asa Day, 80; Oliver Barret, 79; Asher Blunt, 81; Elias Kingsley, 79.

Pierrepont.—Frederick Squire, 45; Reuben Butler, 45; Joseph Dirnick, 73; Nathan Crary, 78; David Bradley, 81.

Russell.—Miles Cook, 75; John Knox, 81; Samuel Barrows, 73; Abraham Wells, 83; Gilbert Ray, 76; John Gillmore, 87.

Fowler.—Ebenezer Parker, 84; Jacob Deland, 78.

Edwards.—Abel Pratt, 83; Comfort Johnson, 87.

De Peyster.—Joseph Shaw, 79; Jonathan Fellows, 78.

Oswegatchie.—Sarah June, 81; Benjamin Salts, 78; Esther Dollestun, 78; Richard Van Ornum, 82; Noah Spencer, 87; Daniel Chapman, 81.

Morristown.—Phinehas Maxon, 85; M. Demming, 80; Stephen Smith, 84; Sarah K. Thurber, 91; Wm. Lee, 74.

Hammond.—Emanuel Dake, 86.

Rossie.—Henry Apple, 86.

Gouverneur.—John Garrett, 85; Polly Hulbert, 72; Solomon Cross, 82; Eli Skinner, 81; Stephen Porter, 79.

Herkon.—David Page, 57; Asher Williams, 79.

De Kalb.—John C. Cook, 27.

Lisbon.—Isaac Mitchell, 80; Samuel Wallace, 80; Hughey Willson, 84; Amon Lawrence, 49; Jane Turner, 89.

Canton.—Asa Briggs, 88; Eber Goodnow, 75; Joshua Conkey, 80; Lucy Tuttle, 95; Isaac Robinson, 79; Lydia Low, 72; Olive Tuttle, 67; John Daniels, 80.

Potsdam.—Wm. Carpenter, 87; Eunice Perigo, 93; Elijah Ames, 79; Ebenezer Atwood, 74; Mary Aikins, 74; John Bowker, 85; Jane Dailey, 88; Stephen Chandler, 86; Lucy Chandler, 76; Daniel Shaw, 86; Nathan Estabrook, 80; Nathaniel Parmeter, 54; Nathan Parmeter, 81; Ruth Brush, 77; Dyer Williams, 81; Giles Parmelee, 76; John Fobes, 78; John Moore, 82; Ammi Courier, 75; Sylvanus Willes, 84; Thomas Palmer, 80.

Madrid.—John Erwin, 59; Samuel Daniels, 78; Abiram Hurlbut, 76; Peter Eaton, 58; Rebecca Packard, 66; Lucy Byington, 80; James Corey, 78; Isaac Buck, 77; Manasseh Sawyer, 81; Isaac Bartholomew, 78; Margaret Allen, 86; Jacob Redington, 81.—Total number, 118.

Franklin County—Malone.—Simeon Graves, 87; Enos Wood, 79; Aaron Parks, 75; Samuel Smith, 81; Jesse Chipman, 85; Samuel Forbs, 78; Nathan Beeman, 86; Chester Morris, 71.

Fort Covington.—Francis Clark, 86.

Dickinson.—Betsey Lathrop, 78.

Bombay.—Asa Jackson, 79.

Fairman, Leonard Conant, February 28, 1815; L. Fairman, L. Conant, March 16, 1816; N. Moody, March 27, 1816; John P. Andrus, July 8, 1816; N. Moody, John P. Andrus, March 13, 1817; N. Moody, Samuel Peck, June 16, 1818; N. Moody, S. Peck, L. Fairman, March 13, 1819; S. Peck, L. Fairman, February 12, 1820; S. Peck, S. Hyde, Warren Briggs, John Mitchell, C. M. Erwin, February 13, 1821; S. Peck, S. Hyde, W. Briggs, C. M. Erwin, Jeduthan Sherman, March 6, 1822.

Elected by the people under the late constitution:

Aretus M. Hitchcock, Samuel Hyde, Samuel B. Roberts, Luther Taylor, 1828; Asaph Watkins, Sidney Lawrence, Ezra Styles, Allen Lincoln, 1831; Leonard Conant, Lowell W. Gurnsey, George A. Cheeney, Timothy Beaman, 1834; Archibald Fisher, Leonard Conant, George A. Cheeney, Simeon Bellows, 1837; Luther Taylor, Timothy Beaman, Elisha Kellog, Milton Heath, Thomas S. Mears, 1840; Carlos C. Keeler, Lucius Plumb, Samuel H. Payne, Dorius Cox, 1843; Henry Mallon, Eli B. Smith, Reuben Cady, Samuel H. Payne, 1846; Samuel H. Payne (did not qualify in 1846), 1847; William Gillis, Thomas J. Looker, Jonathan Hoyt, Charles J. Rider, 1849; John R. Merrill, 1851.

Deputy Superintendents of Common Schools, for the county of Franklin, appointed by the board of supervisors:

Dana H. Stevens, of Moira (Mr. S. was a physician, and died in Moira about 1850), appointed November 12, 1841; Elos L. Winslow, appointed November, 1845; DeWitt C. Backus, appointed November, 1847, but the office was abolished before he entered upon its duties.

Congressional Districts.—In 1812, Franklin was, with Washington, Clinton and Essex, made the 12th district; in 1822, with Clinton, Essex and Warren, the 19th; in 1832, with St. Lawrence, the 14th; in 1842, with Warren, Clinton, and a part of Hamilton, the 15th; and in 1851, with Clinton and Essex, the 16th.

Superintendents of the Poor.—A. White, B. Roberts, S. Langdon, 1848.

Loan Commissioners.—Asa Wheeler, John Mazuzan, April 11, 1808; William Bailey, Amasa Fairman, February 13, 1810; John L. Fuller, March 30, 1813, in place of Fairman (declined); John H. Russell, 1814; Thomas Smith, Cone Andrus, February 5, 1820; John McCrea, February 25, 1822; James Campbell, Thomas Smith, February 7, 1824; Asa Wheeler, James Campbell, April 8, 1826; Oliver Westcott, James B. Spencer, February 20, 1829; Ebenezer R. Daggett, Orlando Furness, March 9, 1832; William King, in place of Furness (deceased), May 11, 1835; Aaron Beeman, in place of Daggett, February 13, 1840; Cephas Watson, in place of King, February 13, 1840; Hiram B. Miner, in place of Beeman, February 24, 1843; Ebenezer R. Daggett, in place of Watson, February 24, 1843; Ebenezer R. Daggett reappointed, March 19, 1845; Reuben Cady, in place of Miner, March 19, 1845; Thomas J. Looker, in place of Daggett, March 3, 1848; Samuel C. F. Thorndyke, in place of Cady, March 3, 1848.

At this period the old loan fund of 1808, was consolidated with the United States deposit fund.

Commissioners of U. S. Deposit Fund.—Orrin Lawrence, Goodrich Hazen, April 11, 1837; George B. R. Gove, in place of Lawrence, February 13, 1840; Joshua Dickinson, in place of Hazen, February 13, 1841; Hamlet B. Mears, in place of Gove, February 24, 1843; James Adams,